1 SEM TDC EDN M 1

2011

(November)

EDUCATION

(Major)

Course: 101

(Philosophical Foundations of Education)

Full Marks: 80

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

(a) Who said the following?

 $1 \times 4 = 4$

- (i) "The task of education is to assist natural development towards its destined end."
- (ii) "Wisdom cometh by opportunities of leisure."
- (iii) "Philosophy is concerned with everything as a universal science."
- (iv) "Only a true philosopher may give a practical shape to education."

(b) Fill up the blanks:

1×4

- (i) The main advocate of social aim of education was —.
- (ii) Negative education was advocated by —.
- (iii) The meaning of pranayama is ——.
- (iv) Rigorous discipline is never accepted by the —.
- 2. Write about the etymological meaning and scope of education.

 4+6=1

Or

What is the function of education towards individual and society?

5+5=1

3. Discuss the use of philosophy of education for the teacher.

Or

Explain briefly about the meaning and nature of educational philosophy. 5+5=10

4. Give a brief description of the major determinants of the aims of education.

Or

What is technological aim of education? What are its characteristics? 5+7=12

5. Discuss the eight-fold yoga in Indian philosophy.

Or

Write the eight-fold path in Buddha's philosophy and four noble truths of 8+4=12 Buddhism.

6. Point out the influences of idealism in the field of education in relation to aims of education and methods of teaching. 5+7=12

Or

Discuss the aims and curriculum of education according to pragmatism. 5+7=12

- **7.** Write short notes on the following: $4\times4=16$
 - (a) Education for leisure
 - (b) Role of a teacher in educational philosophy
 - (c) Vocational aim of education
 - (d) Educational implications of yoga
