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1 SEM TDC CSC G 1

2014

(November)

COMPUTER SCIENCE

(General)

Course : 101

(Theoretical Foundation of Computer Science)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32 (Backlog) / 24 (2014–15 Session)

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Answer as directed :

1×8=8

(a) Define finite automata.

(b) Write one difference between NFA and DFA.

(c) The grammar

$$G = \{ N, T, P, S \}$$

$$N = \{ S, A, B \}$$

$$T = \{ a, b, c \}$$

$$P: S \rightarrow aSa, S \rightarrow aAa, A \rightarrow bB,$$

$$B \rightarrow bB, B \rightarrow C$$

(i) is type 3

(Turn Over)

(2)

- (ii) is type 2 but not type 3
- (iii) is type 1 but not type 2
- (iv) is type 0 but not type 1

(Choose the correct option)

- (d) Which of the following strings is not generated by the given grammar?

$$S \rightarrow SaSbS | \epsilon$$

- (i) aabb
- (ii) abab
- (iii) aababb
- (iv) aaabb

(Choose the correct option)

- (e) "Context-free grammar is closed under intersection."

(State True or False)

- (f) Recursive language is — of CFL.

(Fill in the blank)

- (g) A language L is accepted by an FSA iff it is —.

(Fill in the blank)

- (h) Define pushdown automata.

2. (a) Construct a DFA for the regular expression $aa^*|bb^*$.

- (b) State pumping lemma for CFG.

(3)

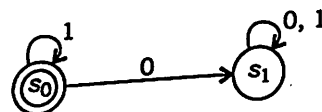
- (c) Write the CFG to generate the set $\{a^m b^n c^p | m+n=p \text{ and } p \geq 1\}$.

- (d) Show that the grammar

$$G = S \rightarrow aSbS | bSaS | \Lambda$$

is recursive.

3. (a) Determine the language recognized by the finite-state automaton

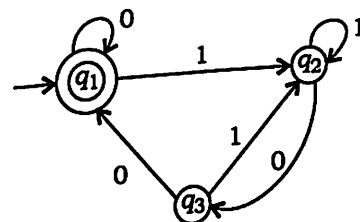


- (b) Construct a DFA with reduced state equivalent to the regular expression $10 + (0+11)0^*1$.

- (c) Write a short note on Chomsky classification of language.

Or

Construct a regular expression to the transition diagram



4. (a) Explain minimization of finite automata in brief.
- (b) If G is the grammar $S \rightarrow SbS|a$, show that G is ambiguous.
- (c) Explain the closure properties of regular languages.

Or

Determine whether the language given by

$$L = \{a^{n^2} \mid n \geq 1\}$$

is context-free or not.

5. (a) Show that set of all strings over $\{a, b\}$ consisting of equal numbers of a 's and b 's is accepted by deterministic PDA.
- (b) Consider the following productions :

$$S \rightarrow aB \mid bA$$

$$A \rightarrow aS \mid bAA \mid a$$

$$B \rightarrow bS \mid aBB \mid b$$

For the string $aaabbabbba$, find a leftmost derivation.

- (c) Find a derivation tree of $a*b+a*b$ given that $a*b+a*b$ is in $L(G)$, where G is given by

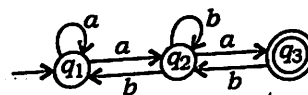
$$S \rightarrow S+S \mid S*S, S \rightarrow a \mid b$$

Or

Explain in detail about equivalence of pushdown automata and CFG.

6. (a) Prove that a language L is accepted by some ϵ -NFA if and only if L is accepted by some DFA.

- (b) Construct the regular expression from the following transition diagram :



- (c) For the finite state machine M given in the following table, test whether the strings 101101 and 11111 are accepted by M :

State	Input	
	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_3	q_0
q_2	q_0	q_3
q_3	q_1	q_2

(Turn Over)

Or

Construct a minimum-state automaton equivalent to a given automaton M whose transition table is given below :

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State	Input	
	a	b
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_0	q_3
q_1	q_2	q_5
q_2	q_3	q_4
q_3	q_0	q_5
q_4	q_0	q_6
q_5	q_1	q_4
$\textcircled{q_6}$	q_1	q_3
