## CA

#### 3 SEM TDC SNS M 1

2012

( November )

SANSKRIT

(Major)

Course: 301

Full Marks: 80 Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

#### UNIT-I

### ( History of Sanskrit Literature )

- 1. Give very short answers of the following:  $1 \times 3 = 3$ 
  - (a) Who is the author of Kādambarī?
  - (b) How many dramas have been ascribed to Bhāsa?
  - (c) How many dramas were written by Kālidāsa?

(22) god berning to love total

2. Write a note on the growth and development of Historical Kāvyas in Sanskrit literature. 12

Or

Write an essay on the origin and development of Prose Romance in Sanskrit literature.

3. Give a brief account of Kālidāsa as a dramatist. 10

Or

Write short notes on any two of the following:

Pañcatantra; Brhatkathā; Bhāsa; Vāsavadattā; Rājatarangiņī.

#### UNIT-II

# ( Krit and Taddhit Suffixes )

4. Fill up the blanks:

- (a) are known as निष्ठा प्रत्यय.
- (b) क्तवतु प्रत्यय is used in tense.
- Aṣṭādhyāyī is the work of —.
- (d) तव्य प्रत्यय is used after —.

 $1 \times 4 = 4$ 

( Continued)

UNIT-III

#### (Sāhityadarpaṇa, Ch 1)

7. Give short answers of the following:

 $1 \times 4 = 4$ 

What kind of work is the Sāhitvadarpaņa?

( Turn Over )

Explain the difference between शतृ and शानच् (a) or क्लाच् and ल्यप् with examples.

Give the resulting forms of the following: (b)

 $1 \times 4 = 4$ 

4

- (i) दश् + तुमुन्
- त्यज् + क्त्वाच् (ii)
- कु + तव्य (iii)
- शिव + अण् (iv)
- Explain and illustrate the following Sūtras (any  $4 \times 2 = 8$ two):
  - शिवादिभ्यो अण् (i)
  - सास्य देवता (ii)
  - स्त्रीभ्यो दक् (iii)
  - तत्र भवः (iv)
  - तस्य समूहः (v)

- (b) Who is the deity invoked in the Mangalācaraņa of Sāhityadarpaņa?
- (c) Who is the composer of the Nātyaśāstra?
- (d) Write the name of a commentary on Sāhityadarpaṇa.
- 8. Narrate after Viśvanātha the utility of Kāvya. 10

Or

Discuss briefly the definition of poetry given by Mammata.

- 9. Elucidate the idea contained in the following (any two):  $3\times2=6$ 
  - (a) उत्कर्षहेतवः प्रोक्ता गुणालंकाररीतयः।
  - (b) दोषास्तस्यापकर्षकाः।
  - (c) काव्यस्यात्मा ध्वनिः।

#### UNIT-IV

# (Translation)

- 10. Translate into Sanskrit the following sentences

  (any five):

  3×5=15
  - (a) Daśaratha was the king of Ayodhyā.

- (b) The Brahmaputra river is flowing from the Himālaya.
- (c) The girl will sing a song.
- (d) All schoolboys should be polite.
- (e) Always do your duty.
- (f) Do not tell a lie.
- (g) Where is your home?
- (h) I am a pupil.

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