

**3 SEM TDC ECO M 2****2 0 1 3**

( November )

**ECONOMICS**

( Major )

Course : 302

**( Statistical Methods in Economics )**Full Marks : 80Pass Marks : 32

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. Answer the following as directed : 1×8=8

(a) Maximum frequency of a series is associated with

(i) arithmetic mean

(ii) harmonic mean

(iii) mode

(iv) median

( Choose the correct answer )

( Turn Over )



- (b) Correlation coefficient between  $-X$  and  $-Y$  is negative.

( Write True or False )

- (c) Fisher's ideal index number does not satisfy

- (i) time reversal test
- (ii) factor reversal test
- (iii) unit test
- (iv) None of the above

( Choose the correct answer )

- (d) Skewness is positive when mean is

- (i) 1
- (ii) 0
- (iii)  $>$  mode
- (iv)  $<$  mode

( Choose the correct answer )

- (e) Poisson distribution is a limiting form of \_\_\_\_\_ distribution.

( Fill up the blank )

- (f) The value of  $r$  is equal to

- (i)  $b_{xy} \times b_{yx}$
- (ii)  $\sqrt{b_{xy} \times b_{yx}}$
- (iii)  $(b_{xy} \times b_{yx})^2$
- (iv) None of the above

( Choose the correct answer )

- (g) Mention one limitation of geometric mean.

- (h) The probability of drawing a black card from a well-shuffled pack of 52 cards is

(i)  $\frac{1}{52}$

(ii)  $\frac{1}{13}$

(iii)  $\frac{1}{2}$

(iv)  $\frac{1}{4}$

( Choose the correct answer )

2. Write short notes on any *four* of the following (within 150 words each) : 4×4=16

- (a) Distinction between sampling and census
- (b) Properties of standard deviation
- (c) Fixed-base and chain-base index numbers
- (d) Probable error of  $r$
- (e) Normal distribution

3. (a) What do you understand by skewness and kurtosis? Point out their roles in analysing frequency distribution. 4+7=11



Or

- (b) For a certain frequency table, the median was found to be 30 and  $N = 100$ . Calculate the missing frequencies :

| Marks           | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 |
|-----------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| No. of students | 10   | ?     | 25    | 30    | ?     | 10    |

4. (a) Explain the following terms :  $4+4+3=11$
- Testing of hypothesis
  - Type-I and Type-II errors
  - Level of significance

Or

- (b) In a certain sample of 2000 families, the following results were observed :

| No. of families   | Hindu | Non-Hindu | Total |
|-------------------|-------|-----------|-------|
| Consuming tea     | 1236  | 164       | 1400  |
| Not consuming tea | 564   | 36        | 600   |
| Total             | 1800  | 200       | 2000  |

State whether there is any significant difference between consumption of tea among Hindu and non-Hindu families. [The value of  $\chi^2$  for 1 degree of freedom at 5% level of significance is 3.84.]

5. (a) A coin is tossed 8 times. What is the probability of getting (i) no head, (ii) 2 heads and (iii) at most 3 heads?

$$3+3+5=11$$

Or

- (b) If two cards are drawn one-by-one, what is the probability that the first card is either King or Queen, and second card is either Spade or Club (i) with replacement and (ii) without replacement?

$$6+5=11$$

6. (a) Calculate correlation coefficient from the following and examine its significance :

$$8+4=12$$

$$N = 10, \Sigma X = 100, \Sigma Y = 150,$$

$$\Sigma(X-10)^2 = 180, \Sigma(Y-15)^2 = 215,$$

$$\Sigma(X-10)(Y-15) = 60$$

Or

- (b) Write a note on regression coefficients. From the data given below, find (i) regression equation Y on X and (ii) the most likely value of Y when the value of X is 15 :

$$4+6+2=12$$

|     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| X : | 16 | 12 | 18 | 4  | 3  | 10 | 5  | 12 |
| Y : | 87 | 88 | 89 | 68 | 78 | 80 | 75 | 82 |

( Turn Over )



7. (a) Construct Fisher's ideal index from the data given below, and show that it satisfies both time reversal test and factor reversal test :  $5+3+3=11$

| Commodities | 2011     |       | 2012     |       |
|-------------|----------|-------|----------|-------|
|             | Quantity | Price | Quantity | Price |
| A           | 12       | 10    | 15       | 12    |
| B           | 15       | 7     | 20       | 5     |
| C           | 24       | 5     | 20       | 9     |
| D           | 5        | 16    | 5        | 14    |

Or

- (b) (i) Describe the use of index numbers for deflating time series data.
- (ii) Explain the problems of construction of index numbers.  $6+5=11$

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