4 SEM TDC EDN M 1

2018

(May)

EDUCATION

(Major)

Course: 401

[History of Indian Education (up to 1947)]

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32/24

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

| 1. (a) | Fill in | the | blanks | : |
|--------|---------|-----|--------|---|
|--------|---------|-----|--------|---|

 $1 \times 4 = 4$

- (i) The ceremony associated with the end of formal education in the Vedic Period was known as _____.
- (ii) The Charter Act of the British East India Company used to be renewed after every _____ years.

- (iii) ____ introduced the payment by result system in Indian education during British period.
- (iv) Simon Commission was appointed in the year____.

(b) Answer in brief:

1×4=4

- (i) Which educational document is known as the Magna Carta of Indian education?
- (ii) Name the Governor General who appointed Hunter as the Chairman of Indian Education Commission.
- (iii) Who was the Chairman of Calcutta University Commission of 1917?
- (iv) When was the first conference of basic education hold?
- **2.** Write short notes on the following: $4 \times 5 = 2^{0}$
 - (a) Aims and objectives of Vedic Education
 - (b) Lord Bentinck's Education Policy
 - (c) Role of indigenous schools in Indian

- (d) Main recommendations of Indian Education Commission, 1902
- (e) Status of primary education under Dyarchy
- 3. Discuss briefly the aims and organization of Buddhist education. 6+5=11

Or

Examine critically the status of women education in Muslim period. Write four demerits of Islamic education system. 7+4=11

4. Discuss the contribution of East India Company in Indian education. How does it impact on present system of education in India?

5+5=10

Or

Who was Lord Macaulay? How was Lord Macaulay's Minute instrumented in bringing the Anglicist and Classicist controversy to an end? Explain.

2+8=10

5. Evaluate the Hunter Commission's Report of 1882.

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(Turn Over)

6. Write briefly on Lord Curzon's educational policy and its impact on Indian education system.
5+6=11

Or

What were the important features of Gokhale's Bill of 1911? What were the causes of rejection of Gokhale's Bill? 6+5=11

7. Write the recommendations of Sargent's Report on different areas of education. Why is this report called Post-War Scheme of National Development in education?

Or

Give a brief description on the Hartog Committee's Report and its significance on primary education in India.

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