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**5 SEM TDC SNS M 1**

**2014**

( November )

**SANSKRIT**

( Major )

Course : 501

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

**UNIT—I**

**[ R̥gveda (Indrasūkta 11.12, Devīsūkta X.125,  
Akṣasūkta X.34) ]**

1. Answer the following questions :

1×4=4

(a) In which Sūkta the name of 'गृत्समद ऋषि' is found?

(b) Write the Sanskrit equivalent of the word 'जाया'.

( Turn Over )

(c) वाक्सूक्तम् is the another name of — सूक्तम्.  
( Fill up the blank )

(d) Indrasūkta is known as —.  
( Fill up the blank )

2. What do you mean by the word 'Akṣa (अक्ष)'?  
What message does the Akṣasūkta (अक्षसूक्त) convey  
to us? Give the summary of the Akṣasūkta (अक्षसूक्त)  
of Rgveda (X. 34).  
 $1+2+7=10$

Or

Who is the father of आम्भृणीवाक्? Write an  
introductory note on Devīsūkta (देवीसूक्त) of Rgveda  
(X. 125).  
 $1+9=10$

3. Translate into Assamese or English any three of  
the following Mantras :  
 $5 \times 3 = 15$

(a) यं क्रन्दसी संयती विह्वयेते  
परेऽवर उभया अभित्राः।  
समानं चिद्रथं मातस्थिवांसा  
नाना हवेते स जनास इन्द्रः॥

(b) अहं रुद्रेभिर्वसुभिश्चरा-  
म्यहमादित्यैरुत विश्वदैवैः।  
अहं मित्रावरुणोभा बिभ-  
र्म्यहमिन्द्राग्नी अहमश्विनोभा॥

(c) मया सो अन्नमत्ति यो विपश्यति  
यः प्राणिति य ई शृणोत्युक्तम्।  
अमन्तवो मां त उपक्षियन्ति  
श्रुधि श्रुत श्रद्धिवं ते वदामि॥

(d) अक्षास इदंक्षुशिनौ नितोदिनौ  
निकृत्वानस्तर्पनास्तापयिष्णवः।  
कुमारदेष्णा जयतः पुनर्हणो  
मध्वा संपृक्ताः कितवस्यं बर्हणा॥

(e) अक्षैर्मा दीव्यः कृषिमित् कृषस्व  
वित्ते रमस्व बहु मन्यमानः।  
तत्र गावः कितव तत्र जाया  
तन्मे विचष्टे सवितायमर्यः॥

4. Write grammatical notes on any three of the  
following :  
 $2 \times 3 = 6$

चिकितुषी ; मिमेथ ; रोदसी ; अभ्यसेताम् ; विचष्टे।

Or

Explain in Sanskrit any one Mantra from the  
following :

(a) जाया तप्यते कितवस्यं हीना  
माता पुत्रस्य चरतः कं स्वित्।  
ऋणा वा बिभ्यद्धनमिच्छमानो-  
ऽन्येषामस्तमुप नक्तमेति॥

(b) यो जात एव प्रथमो मनस्वा-  
न्देवो देवान् क्रतुना पर्यभूषत्।  
यस्य शुष्माद्रौदसी अभ्यसेतां  
नृम्णस्य महा स जनास इन्द्रः॥

(c) अहं राष्ट्री संगमनी वसूनां  
चिकितुषी प्रथमा यज्ञियानाम्।  
तां मा देवा व्यदधुः पुरुत्रा  
भूरिस्थानां भूर्यविशयन्तीम्॥

### UNIT—II

[ Śatapatha Brāhmaṇa (Manu-Matsya Kathā),  
Rk Prātiśākhya (10-49) ]

5. Write the story of Manu and Matsya (मनु-मत्स्य कथा)  
as you find in the Śatapatha Brāhmaṇa.

6. Answer the following :

(a) Name the slop of the northern mountain as  
you find in the story of Manu and Matsya  
(मनु-मत्स्य कथा).

(b) Which is the oldest Prātiśākhya (प्रातिशाख्य)?

(c) What is the another name of Rgveda  
Prātiśākhya?

(d) How many Paṭalas (पटलs) are there in the  
Rgveda Prātiśākhya?

7. Who is Uvvaṭa (उव्वट)? How is his name related  
with Rgveda Prātiśākhya? Write a note on Rgveda  
Prātiśākhya.  $1+2+6=9$

8. Explain the following Sūtras (any two) :  $2\frac{1}{2}\times 2=5$

(a) तथेतरेषां संयोगानुस्वारपराणि यानि

(b) च परक्रमे द्वे

(c) मात्रा ह्रस्वः

(d) एतेस्वराः

(e) पञ्च ते पञ्चवर्गाः

Or

Give the definition of any two of the following :  $2\frac{1}{2}\times 2=5$

अनुनासिक ; ह्रस्व ; गुरु ; संयोग ; रक्त।

### UNIT—III

[ History of Vedic Literature  
(Saṁhitā and Brāhmaṇa) ]

9. Answer the following :

(a) What does the word 'त्रयी' mean?

(b) Write any other two names of Veda.

(c) Name the two divisions of Yajurveda.

( Turn Over )

10. Answer any one of the following :
- (a) Give a brief note on the Secular Hymns of the *Rgveda*.
  - (b) Give an account of the social life of the Aryans as revealed in the *Rgveda*.
  - (c) Write a note on the Brāhmanas of 'यजुर्वेद'.
11. Write a short note on (any one) :
- (a) कौषितकी ब्राह्मण
  - (b) शुक्लयजुर्वेद
  - (c) जैमिनीय ब्राह्मण
  - (d) ऐतरेय ब्राह्मण

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