## 6 SEM TDC ECO M 2

2015

(May)

**ECONOMICS** 

(Major)

Course: 602

( Environmental Economics )

Full Marks: 80 Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer/Choose the correct answer from the following:  $1 \times 8 = 8$ 

- (a) Mention one difference between resource economics and environmental economics.
- (b) The study of interdependencies between living organisms and their environment is called
  - (i) environmental economics
  - (ii) ecosystem
  - (iii) ecology
  - (iv) All of the above

l.

The maximum amount of a pollutant that is permitted to be discharged from a single polluting source over a specified period of time is called

(i) effluent charge

(ii) emission standard

(iii) entropy law

(iv) EIA

Converting solid wastes into new products by using the resources contained in discarded materials is called

(i) renewable resource

(ii) recycling

(iii) refuse

(iv) All of the above

Which of the following is not correctly

(i) EIA : Environmental Impact Assessment

(ii) EMS: Environment Management

System

(iii) CPR : Community Property Resources

(iv) IPCC: Intergovernmental Panel

on Climate Change Which of the following is not correctly

(i) National pollution : Climate change

(ii) Global pollution: Ozone depletion

(iii) Regional pollution : Acid rain (iv) Local pollution: Smog

P15-4000/505

(Continued)

What is carbon trading? (a)

(h) Mention one remedy for loss of biodiversity in Assam.

Write short notes on any four of the following 4×4=16 (within 150 words each):

economic and (a) Environment development

Environmental pollution as negative (b) externality .

Environmental standard (c)

(d) Indicators of sustainable development

Global warming (e)

ite the answers of the following (within words each):

ecology, meaning of (a) Write the environment and economy. Explain the objectives of environmental economics.

6+5=11

Or

Illustrate, with the help of materials (b) balance model, the interdependence between economy and the environment.

Mention any four characteristics of (a) public goods. Discuss environmental. 4+7=11 quality as a public good.

Discuss Coase theorem with suitable examples. Mention its limitations. 8+3=11 (b)

(Turn Over) 4000/505

5. (a) Explain the command and control measures of pollution control. Do you think that command and control approach is more efficient than market-based approach in less-developed countries? Give justifications. 6+6=12

Or

(b) Critically discuss different marketbased methods of pollution control.

**6.** (a) Critically discuss different concepts of sustainable development.

Or

- (b) Explain the meaning of strong and weak sustainability. Do you think that there are conflicts between economic growth reasons for your answer.

  6+5=11
- 7. (a) What are the major environmental problems of developed and developing policy choices for the developing countries:

Or

(b) Give a brief account of the global environmental problems. Discuss the ways to resolve these problems. 6+5=1

\*\*\*

12

11