

Total No. of Printed Pages—5

6 SEM TDC SOC M 4

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(May)

SOCIOLOGY

(Major)

Course : 604

(Sociology of Health and Hospital Management)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32/24

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Choose the correct answer from the following : 1×8=8

(a) "Sociology in Medicine can be characterised as applied research and analysis primarily motivated by a medical problem rather than a sociological problem." This statement was made by

(i) W. C. Cockerham

(ii) K. R. Nayar

(iii) Robert Straus

(Turn Over)

- (b) Who wrote the book, *Sociology of Medicine*?
- (i) Coe, Rodney
 - (ii) Cockerham
 - (iii) K. R. Nayar
- (c) Modern medicine was first started during the
- (i) last part of eighteenth century
 - (ii) first part of nineteenth century
 - (iii) middle part of twentieth century
- (d) The National Tuberculosis Control Programme was adopted in
- (i) 1950
 - (ii) 1997
 - (iii) 2001
- (e) In which year was the National Rural Health Mission founded by the Government of India?
- (i) 2000
 - (ii) 2003
 - (iii) 2005

- (f) 'Siddha' was one of the oldest treatment methods of
- (i) Greek
 - (ii) America
 - (iii) India
- (g) "The great doctor is one who treats not some one who is already ill treat some ones not yet ill." This statement was believed by
- (i) Chinese
 - (ii) Indian
 - (iii) Egyptian
- (h) "Health is a state of complete physical, mental and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity." This statement was made by
- (i) WTO
 - (ii) UNESCO
 - (iii) WHO

2. Answer any *four* questions from the following (**within 150 words** each) : $4 \times 4 = 16$

- (a) Write the basic aims of Sociology of Health.
- (b) Express the meaning of health.

(4)

- (c) Write the traditional beliefs and values associated with diseases.
- (d) Write a short note on Corporate Hospital.
- (e) Mention the basic features of Hospital.
- (f) Write a brief note on the significance of doctor-patient relationship from sociological point of view.

3. Answer any *four* questions from the following (**within 500 words** each) : $14 \times 4 = 56$

- (a) Write the meaning of Sociology of Health. Critically discuss the relationship of health with social institutions. $4+10=14$
- (b) What is the meaning of 'social epidemiology'? Discuss about its scope of study. $4+10=14$
- (c) Discuss with suitable examples the relationship between culture and disease. 14
- (d) Express the sociological meaning of 'rehabilitation of health'. Discuss the need of rehabilitation of health in North-East India. $4+10=14$

(5)

- (e) Define the meaning of Primary Health Centre. Discuss the importance of primary health centre for rural society in Assam. $4+10=14$
- (f) Define 'sick role'. Critically discuss it with special reference to interpersonal relationship in hospital settings. $4+10=14$

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