6 SEM TDC ECO M 2

2017

(May)

ECONOMICS

(Major)

Course: 602

(Environmental Economics)

Full Marks: 80 Pass Marks: 32/24

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- Answer/Choose the correct answer from the 1×8=8 following:
 - Anthropogenic pollutants are those that (a) are
 - nature-induced (i)
 - (ii) human-induced
 - (iii) both nature- and human-induced
 - (iv) None of the above

(Turn Over)

- Marginal External Cost is
 - (i) MSC MPC

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- (ii) MSC + MPC
- (iii) MSC + MSB
- (iv) MPB MPC
- Give one example of common property resource (CPR).
- Command and approach/ control market-based approach is mostly used in solving the environmental problems of developing countries.
- Sustainable development means the taking care of the development needs of
 - (i) present generation
 - (ii) past generation

 - (iii) future generation (iv) both present and future generation
- Give two examples of non-renewable resources.
- Major components management program include watershed
 - (i) soil conservation
 - (ii) water conservation
 - (iii) land improvement
 - (iv) All of the above
- Name one greenhouse gas. naturally generated P7/552

- 2. Write notes on any four of the following $4 \times 4 = 16$ (within 150 words each):
 - Environment as an economic asset
 - Positive and negative externality (b)
 - Carbon trading (c)
 - Sustainable development (d)
 - Watershed management (e)

Answer the following questions (within 500 words each):

Illustrate with the help of material 3. (a) balance model, the interdependence between economy and environment.

Or

Define environmental economics. What are its objectives? Explain the relation-(b) ship between resource economics and 2+4+5=11 environmental economics.

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What do you mean by market failure? What are the causes of market failure? (a) Why does market fail for environmental 2+3+6=11 quality?

Or

(b) What are public goods? What are the characteristics of public goods? Do you consider environmental quality as 2+4+5=11 (Turn Over) public good? P7/552

(Continued)

5. (a) Explain critically different market-based instruments for pollution control.

Or

(b) What is command and control approach in solving environmental problems? are the advantages and disadvantages of this method? 6+5=11

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Define strong and weak sustainability. What are the indicators of sustainable development? 4+7=11

Or

- (b) What is Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)? Discuss relevance of EIA in the context of sustainability. 7+4=11
- 7. (a) What are the major environmental problems of developed and developing countries? Discuss the environmental policy choices for the developing 6+6=12

Or

(b) What are the major environmental issues of Assam? Discuss the policy options to resolve these issues. 6+6=12

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