6 SEM TDC SNS M 1

2018

(May)

SANSKRIT

(Major)

Course: 601

Full Marks: 80

Pass Marks: 32/24

Time: 3 hours

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The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

UNIT-I

(Siddhantakaumudī : Kārakaprakaraņa)

very short answers of the following as

1×5=5

द्रोणो ब्रीहि:'' is an example of the Sūtra_____.
(Fill in the blank)

- (b) Derive the word 'विभक्ति'.
- पow many विभक्तिs are there according to सद्धान्तकौमुदी'?

(Turn Over)

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- (d) Write the definition of कर्ताकारक.
- (e) Write the name of the grammar written by Pāṇini.
- 2. Discuss the Sūtra:

''ध्रुवमपायेऽपादानम्''

3. Define and illustrate any two of the following:

5×2=10

- (a) तथायुक्तं चानीप्सितम्
- (b) कालाध्वनोरत्यन्तसंयोगे
- (c) कर्त्यृकरणयोस्तृतीया
- (d) साधकतमं करणम्
- (e) आधारोऽधिकरणम्
- (f) मन्यकर्मण्यनादरे विभाषाऽप्राणिषु
- 4. Account for the case-endings of any five of the following underlined words. Mention the relevant

 1 x 5=5

(a) राजा प्रासादात् प्रेक्षते क्रीडाम्।

(b) बालकः <u>चक्षुषा</u> काणः।

- (c) 'इदं पुस्तकं मे रोचते।
- (d) रुदित पुत्रे पिता गृहं त्यजित।
- (e) हिमवतो गंगा प्रवहति।
- (f) प्रभुः भृत्येन भारं वाहयति।
- (g) जननी जन्मभूमिश्च स्वर्गादपि गरीयसी।
- (h) फलेभ्यो वनं याति।
- 5. Find out the कारकs in the following sentence: 5

 ''द्यावान् मुनिः श्रान्ताय पान्थाय हस्तेन वृक्षात् संगृहीतं
 फलं भोजयति।''

UNIT-II

(Prākṛt Prakāśa : Chapters I and II)

- 6. Give short answers of the following:
 - (a) How many Chapters are there in 'प्राकृत प्रकाश'?
 - (b) ''प्रकृतिः संस्कृतं तत्र भवं ततः आगतं वा प्राकृतम्।''

 Name the grammarian who propounded the above definition.

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(Contable

 $1 \times 3 = 3$

5

(c) Write the name of a commentator on 'प्राकृत प्रकाश'.

7. Explain any four of the following:

3×4=1

(a) ए शय्यादिष्

(b) यमुनायां मस्य

(c) चन्द्रिकायां मो

(d) दशादिष ह

(e) पो वः

(f) हरिद्रादीनां रो ल:

(g) एनुप्रे

8. (a) Render into Prākṛt any five of the following:

1×5=5 प्रकट ; चतुर्थी ; पृथिवी ; मुकुलम् ; युधिष्ठिर ; ऐरावत ; तदा ; मयूर ; पकम्।

(b) Give Sanskrit equivalents of the following

1×5=5 रिणं ; वऊणं ; जोव्वणं ; रअदं ; भइरवी ; लोणं ;

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(Continued)

(5)

(c) Write alternative Prākṛt for the following $1 \times 5 = 5$ (any five):

समिद्धि ; णिण्डं ; विण्हु ; इंगालो ; सेन्दुरं ; वच्छो ; सआ; दहरहो; दुऊलं।

Or

Write a short note on any one of the following:

मागधी प्राकृत ; शौरसेनी प्राकृत ; महाराष्ट्री प्राकृत।

UNIT-III

(Phonetics and Phonology)

9. Write a note on the vowels and consonants in Sanskrit as regards to their source of origin. 10

Or

Distinguish between Phonetics and Phonology.

10. Write short notes on any two:

 $4 \times 2 = 8$

(a) Assimilation (समीभवन)

(b) Accent (स्वर)

(c) Metathesis (वर्ण-विपर्यय)

(Turn Over)

- (d) Verner's law (वार्णार नियम)
- (e) Grassmann's law (ग्रासमेन नियम)
- 11. Give very short answers:

 $1 \times 2 = 2$

- (a) What is sound?
- (b) Write any two dental sounds (दन्त्य ध्वनि).

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