

6 SEM TDC SNS M 1

2019

(May)

SANSKRIT

(Major)

Course : 601

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32/24

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

UNIT—I

(Siddhāntakaumudī : Kārakaprakaraṇa)

1. Write very short answers of the following as directed : 1×5=5

(a) What is कारक ?

(b) विभक्ति is of two types, one is कारक विभक्ति and the another is ____.

(Fill in the blank)

- (c) “यस्य य भावेन भावलक्षणम्”—This Sūtra is related with ३या/५मी/७मी विभक्ति.

(Choose the correct option)

- (d) √दुह, √पाच, √पच, √दण्ड, √रुध, etc., roots (धातुs) are known as _____.

(Fill in the blank)

- (e) Who is the author of ‘सिद्धान्तकौमुदी’?

2. Discuss the Sūtra :

“अपवर्गे तृतीया”

3. Define and illustrate any two of the following :

5×2=10

- (a) अव्यय योगे च
(b) यतश्च निर्धारणम्
(c) अधिशीङ्स्थासां कर्म
(d) रुच्यर्थानां प्रीयमाणः
(e) षष्ठी चानादरे
(f) सहयुक्तेऽप्रधाने

4. Account for the case-endings of any five of the following underlined words. Mention the relevant Sūtras :

1×5=5

- (a) दशरथ इति राजा बभूव।

- (b) अनु हरि सुराः।

- (c) पुष्पेभ्यः स्पृहयति।

- (d) गोषु कृष्णा बहुक्षीरा।

- (e) क्रोशं कुटिला नदी।

- (f) हरये नमः।

- (g) चौराद् विभेति।

- (h) पुत्रेण सह पिता आगतः।

5. Find out the कारकs in the following sentence :

5

“दयावान् राजा हस्तेन दरिद्राय ब्राह्मणाय अञ्जलिबद्धे हस्ते कोषागारात् सत्वरमानीतं प्रचुरं धनं ददाति।”

UNIT—II

(Prākṛt Prakāśa : Chapters I and II)

6. Give short answers of the following : $1 \times 3 = 3$

- Who is the writer of 'प्राकृत प्रकाश'?
- How many divisions are there in Prākṛt language?
- Which is the earlier language between Sanskrit and Prākṛt?

7. Explain any four of the following : $3 \times 4 = 12$

- आ समृद्ध्यादिषु वा
- ओ वदरे देन
- इत् सैन्धवे
- यमुनायां मस्य
- वृक्षे वेन रुर्वा
- शीकरे भः
- स्फटिके लः

8. (a) Render into Prākṛt any five of the following :

$1 \times 5 = 5$

पक्कम् ; वदरम् ; लोणं ; कौस्तुभ ; मम्मथ ; हरिद्रा ;
किरात ; शय्या ; यमुना ।

(b) Write alternative Prākṛt for the following

$1 \times 5 = 5$

फलिहा ; पाउडं ; सिंदुरं ; गउरवं ; अंगालो ; जहा ;
मऊहो ; पक्कं ।

Or

Write a short note on any one of the following :

5

शौरसेनी प्राकृत ; मागधी प्राकृत ।

(c) Give Sanskrit equivalents of the following
(any five) :

$1 \times 5 = 5$

तेरहो ; रुक्खो ; मोरो ; संदेर ; पुरेसो ; पुहवी ;
रअदं ; एरावणो ; जहिड्डिलो ।

UNIT—III

(Phonetics and Phonology)

9. Give a description of the organs of speech (वागिन्द्रिय) with the help of a diagram of mouth cavity.

10

Or

How many divisions are there in speech sound?
What are these? Write the characteristics features of these divisions separately.

10. Write short notes on any two of the following :

4×2=8

- (a) Stress
- (b) Dissimilation
- (c) Anaptyxis (स्वरभक्ति)
- (d) Apocope (अन्त्यवर्ण लोपः)
- (e) Ablaut (अपश्रुति)

11. What do you mean by phonetics and phonology?

2

★ ★ ★