5 SEM TDC CHM M 5 (N/O)

2016

(November)

CHEMISTRY

(Major)

Course: 505

(Organic Chemistry)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

(New Course)

Full Marks: 48

Pass Marks: 14

Time: 2 hours

- 1. (a) Select the correct answer of the following:
 - (i) Which of the following pairs give the same osazone?
 - (1) Sucrose, Fructose
 - (2) Mannose, Fructose
 - (3) Glucose, Galactose
 - (4) Maltose, Lactose

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- (1) maltase
- (2) zymase
- (3) lipase
- (4) pepsin

(iii) In DNA, the complementary bases

- (1) adenine and guanine; thymine and cytosine
- (2) uracil and adenine; cytosine and guanine
- (3) adenine and thymine; guanine and cytosine
- (4) adenine and thymine; guanine and uracil

(Continue

- Draw the structure of Ranitidine
- What dienes and dienophiles would you employ to synthesize the following

UNIT-I

Answer any one question

Predict the stereochemical products 2. (a) obtained in the following electrocyclic reactions (any one):

(i)
$$CH_3$$
 H CH_3 ?

Complete the following reaction and discuss the mechanism involved:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
CH_2-CH=CH_2\\
CH_3
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\Delta\\
\end{array}$$
?

- Explain briefly as to how a conjugated diene under photochemical conditions undergoes cyclization via a disrotatory path.
- convert would you How 3. (a) 5,6-dimethyl-1,3-cyclohexadiene into its cis-isomer?
 - Draw the MO of 1,3-butadiene indicating HOMO in the ground and excited state.

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Write the products with stereochemistry in the following Diels'-Alder reaction (any one):

(ally one):
$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{(i)} & \downarrow \\
\downarrow \\
\text{COCH}_3\\
\text{COCH}_3
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\Delta \\
\text{CH}_3
\end{array}$$
?

UNIT-II

Answer any one question

- 4. (a) Sketch the stable structure of the anomer of α -D-glucoconformational
 - (b) Explain the products obtained in the α -D-fructopyranose : oxidation

α-D-fructopyranose :

$$\alpha\text{-D-fructopyranose} \xrightarrow{D \text{ MeOH/HCl}} (A) \xrightarrow{\text{HIO}_4} (B)$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{Fr}_2 \mid \text{H}_2\text{O}} (C) \xrightarrow{\text{SrCO}_3} \text{strontium salt}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{-MeOH}} \text{hydroxypyruvic acid + glycolic acid}$$
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Explain that C-2 epimeric aldoses give (c) the same lower aldose by Ruff degradation.

What is epimerization? Explain conversion of the considering D-mannose to D-glucose.

Why does the anomeric -OH group (a) undergo methylation with CH3OH and with HCl under reflux but others do not?

Convert D-fructose to D-glucose. 3

Determine whether D-glucose is in a (c) furanose or a pyranose form from the following data:

D-glucose $\xrightarrow{\text{MeOH/HCl}}$ (A) $\xrightarrow{\text{Me}_2\text{SO}_4/\text{NaOH}}$ (B) $\frac{\text{dil.HCl}}{}$ \Rightarrow (C) $\frac{\text{HNO}_3}{}$ (Methoxy malonic acid

+ Dimethoxy glyceric acid + dimethoxy succinic acid + Methoxy acetic acid)

(d) Erythrose
$$\xrightarrow{\text{KCN}} \xrightarrow{\text{Ba}^{+2}} \xrightarrow{\Lambda} \xrightarrow{\text{Na/Hg}} \xrightarrow{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} \xrightarrow{\text{(A)} + \text{(B)}}$$

(A) HNO₃ Dibasic acid (optically active)

(B) HNO₃ Dibasic acid (optically inactive)

Identify A and B.

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UNIT-III

Answer any one question

- 6. (a) Synthesize one important pyrimidine base present only in RNA.
 - How are enzymes classified on the basis of their functions?
 - How does DNA replicate? How is the process responsible for preservation
- 7. (a) What are complementary Draw the structure to show hydrogen bonding between adenine—thymine and
 - Write a short note on coenzyme.
 - Discuss the double-helical structure

UNIT-IV

- Answer any one question 8. (a) Synthesize a drug which is used to bring down body temperature during
 - (b) Draw the structure of chloramphenicol. What type of drug is it?

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(c)	Sulpha drugs work like antibiotics but
	they are not antibiotics. Is this a valid
	statement and why?

- Name the food sources and deficiency diseases caused due to lack 21/2 of vitamin C.
- Write in brief about the medicinal 9. (a) importance of curcumin.
 - (b) Carry out the synthesis an antimalarial-chloroquine using the following sequential steps: 11/2+11/2+1=4
 - Synthesis of 5-dimethylamino-Step I: 2-amino pentane from AAE.
 - 4,7-dichloroof Step II: Synthesis quinoline from m-chloroaniline and oxalyl acetic ester.
 - Synthesis of chloroquine from Step III: above amino and quinoline derivatives.
 - Name the chemical responsible for (c) antiseptic properties of Dettol.
 - from Synthesize sulphanilamide (d) sulphanilic acid.

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UNIT-V

Answer any one question

- 10. (a) Synthesize $(\pm)\alpha$ -terpineol from p-toluracid.
 - (b) Establish the structure of citral on the basis of analytical and synthetic
- 11. (a) What are geraniol and nerol? How would you assign their configuration?
 - (b) Complete the following oxidative degradation reactions of α-terpineol:

$$\begin{array}{c} \alpha\text{-terpineol} & \text{is addon reactions of } \alpha\text{-terpineol}: \\ \alpha\text{-terpineol} & \frac{1\% \text{ alk. KMnO}_4}{\text{C}_{10}} & \text{trihydroxy compound} \\ & & \text{C}_{10} & \\ & & \text{C}_{10} & \\ & & \text{c}_{10} & \\ & & \text{ketohydroxy acid} \end{array}]$$

KMnO₄ → terebic