## 5 SEM TDC MTH M 1

#### 2017

( November )

### MATHEMATICS

(Major)

Course: 501

# Logic and Combinatorics, and Analysis—III)

Full Marks: 80 Pass Marks: 32/24

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

# (A) Logic and Combinatorics

( Marks : 35 )

1. (a) (i) What do you mean by truth value of 1 a proposition? 1 State the law of syllogism. (ii) down the contrapositive (b) (i) Write 1 statement of  $p \rightarrow q$ . If the value of  $p \rightarrow q$  is T; what can (ii) 2

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be said about the value  $p \land q \leftrightarrow p \lor q$ ? (Turn Over)

- (c) (i) Express the statement  $(p \lor \neg q) \to p \land r$  in terms of  $\lor$  and  $\neg$  only.
  - (ii) Prove that every truth function can be generated by ~, ∧ and ∨ only.

Or

Prove that if  $\models A$  and  $\models A \rightarrow B$ , then  $\models B$ .

- 2. (a) Define a term.
  - (b) Translate the following in symbols: 1×2
    - (i) Some rationals are real.
    - (ii) All women who are lawyers admire some judge.
  - (c) Find a formal derivation of  $A \rightarrow (B \rightarrow C)$ ,  $\sim D \lor A$ ,  $B \models D \rightarrow C$
  - (d) Prove that  $\forall x (P(x) \rightarrow S(x))$  is the consequence of the following premises:
    - (i)  $\forall x (P(x) \to \mathbb{Q}(x))$
    - (ii)  $\forall x (\mathbb{Q}(x) \to S(x))$

Or

Derive mathematically the following (any one):

- (i) Every member of the committee is wealthy and a republican. Some committee members are old. Therefore, there are some old republicans.
- (ii) All rational numbers are real numbers. Some rationals are integers. Therefore, some real numbers are integers.
- 3. (a) State multinational theorem.
  - (b) In an election, the number of candidates is one more than the number of vacancies. If a voter can vote in 30 different ways, find the number of candidates.

Or

Find the coefficient of  $x^3y^3z^2$  in  $(2x-3y+5z)^8$ .

(c) State and prove the principle of inclusion-exclusion.

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(Turn Over)

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Find the number of solutions in integers of the equation a+b+c+d=17, where  $1 \le a \le 3$ ,  $2 \le b \le 4$ ,  $3 \le c \le 5$ ,  $4 \le d \le 6$ .

- 4. (a) State the pigeonhole principle.
  - (b) Show that in any set of eleven integers, there are two whose difference is divisible by 10.
  - (c) Find the binomial and exponential generating functions for the sequence 2, 2, 2, ....

Or

Find the number of solutions of  $e_1 + e_2 + e_3 = 17$ , where  $e_1$ ,  $e_2$  and  $e_3$  are non-negative integers with  $2 \le e_1 \le 5$ ,  $3 \le e_2 \le 6$ ,  $4 \le e_3 \le 7$ .

### (B) Analysis—III (Complex Analysis)

( Marks: 45)

- 5. (a) What do you mean by a multiple point?
  - (b) Derive the polar form of Cauchy-Riemann equation.
  - (c) Prove that  $u = y^3 3x^2y$  is a harmonic function. Determine its harmonic conjugate and find the corresponding analytic function f(z) in terms of z.

Or

If 
$$u+v = \frac{2\sin 2x}{e^{2y} + e^{-2y} - 2\cos 2x}$$
 and

f(z) = u + iv is an analytic function of z = x + iy, find f(z) in terms of z.

- 6. (a) Define Jordan arc.
  - (b) Evaluate

$$\int_C (z^2 + 3z + 2) dz$$

where C is the arc of the cycloid  $x = a(\theta + \sin \theta)$ ,  $y = a(1 - \cos \theta)$  between the points (0, 0) and  $(\pi a, 2a)$ .

(c) State and prove Cauchy's integral theorem.

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8P/399

(Turn Over)

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- (d) Answer the following (any one):
  - (i) Evaluate

$$\int_C \frac{e^{3z}}{z+i} dz$$

where C is the circle |z+1+i|=2.

(ii) Evaluate

$$\int_C \frac{z^2 - 4}{z(z^2 + 9)} dz$$

where C is the circle |z|=1.

- 7. (a) State and prove Taylor's series. 1+5=6
  - (b) Expand

$$f(z) = \frac{z^2 - 1}{(z+2)(z+3)}$$

where |z| > 2.

- 8. (a) Define essential singularity of an analytic function f(z).
  - (b) Discuss the singularity of

$$f(z) = \frac{z^2 + 4}{e^z}$$

at  $z = \infty$ .

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(c) Evaluate the following (any two):  $5\times2=10$ 

(i) 
$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\cos 2\theta}{5 + 4\cos \theta} d\theta$$

(ii) 
$$\int_0^{\pi} \frac{\cos 2\theta}{1 - 2a\cos \theta + a^2} d\theta$$

(iii) 
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(x^2+1)^3}$$

(iv) 
$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos mx}{a^2 + x^2} dx$$
;  $m \ge 0$ 

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