5 SEM TDC CHM M 1 (N/O)

2017

(November)

CHEMISTRY

(Major)

Course: 501

(Physical Chemistry—II)

(New Course)

Full Marks: 48
Pass Marks: 14

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Select the correct answer:

 $1 \times 5 = 5$

(a) The equation for rate constant, is

$$k = Ae^{-E_a/RT}$$

The chemical reaction will proceed more rapidly, if there is a decrease in

- (i) k
- (ii) A
- (iii) T
- (iv) E_a

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- (b) The vapour pressure of a dilute aqueous solution of glucose is 740 mm of mercury at 373 K. The mole fraction of the solute is
 - (i) $\frac{1}{20}$
 - (ii) $\frac{1}{38}$
 - (iii) $\frac{1}{76}$
 - (iv) $\frac{1}{740}$
- (c) The function of alum used for the purification of water is to
 - (i) coagulate the sol particles
 - (ii) disperse the sol particles
 - (iii) emulsify the sol particles
 - (iv) absorb the sol particles
- (d) In gas masks, the poisonous gases are adsorbed by activated charcoal. The activated charcoal acts as
 - (i) adsorbate
 - (ii) adsorbent
 - (iii) catalyst
 - (iv) All of the above

- (e) 0.01 M solution each of urea, common salt and sodium sulphate are taken, the ratio of depressions in freezing point of these solutions is
 - (i) 1:1:1
 - (ii) 1:2:1
 - (iii) 1:2:3
 - (iv) 2:2:3
- 2. Answer any five questions:

2×5=10

- (a) Describe one method for determining the order of a reaction.
- (b) When a gas is adsorbed by a solid sample, then both the enthalpy and entropy of the system decrease. Explain.
- (c) State and explain Nernst distribution law.
- (d) The rate constant for a reaction of zero order with respect to reactant *A* is 0.0030 mol 1⁻¹ s⁻¹. How long will it take for the initial concentration of *A* to fall from 0.10 *M* to 0.075 *M*?
- (e) Explain what is observed when an electrolyte NaCl is added to hydrated ferric oxide sol.

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- (f) Describe the cleansing action of soaps on the basis of micelle formation.
- (g) What is chemical potential? Mention its significance.

UNIT-I

- **3.** Answer any two questions: 6×2^{-1}
 - (a) Deduce the integrated rate expression of the following second-order reaction:

$$A + B \longrightarrow \text{products}$$

Prove that when either A or B is taken in excess, then this second-order reaction shows first-order kinetics.

4+2**

- (b) (i) Describe Lindemann's theory of unimolecular gas phase reaction.
 - (ii) Give one example of zero-order reaction.
- (c) (i) What is steady-state approximation?
 - (ii) For the reaction 2NO + Cl₂ = 2NOCl, following mechanism has been proposed

$$NO + Cl_2 \stackrel{k_1}{\rightleftharpoons} NOCl_2$$

$$NO + NOCl_2 \xrightarrow{k_2} 2NOCl$$

Show that the overall rate of the reaction is given by $k [NO]^2 [Cl_2]$ assuming $k_2 [NO] << k_{-1}$.

UNIT-II

- 4. Answer any one question: 5
 - (a) What is solvent extraction? Show that multistep extraction is more economical than single-step extraction. 1+4=5
 - (b) (i) Discuss how the elevation of boiling point of a solution of non-volatile, non-electrolyte solute is related to the molecular mass of the solute.
 - (ii) Determine the number of mol of $CaCl_2$ (i = 2.47) dissolved in 2.5 litre of water such that its osmotic pressure is 0.75 atm at 27 °C.

UNIT-III

- 5. Answer any two questions: $3\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 7$
 - (a) State and explain Le Chatelier's principle. 3½
 - (b) Derive Duhem-Margules equation. 3½
 - (c) (i) What is fugacity? Write its physical significance. 1+1½=2½

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(ii) Write the effect of pressure on the following equilibrium:

 N_2 (g) + O_2 (g) \rightleftharpoons 2NO (g)

UNIT-IV

- 6. Answer any one question:
 - (a) Write the postulates of Langmuir adsorption isotherm. Also write four important applications of adsorption.

2+2=4

(b) Derive Gibbs' adsorption equation for the adsorption of a solute on the surface of a liquid.

UNIT-V

- 7. Answer any one question:
 - (a) (i) What is peptization? Explain with example.
 - (ii) Write the differences between lyophilic sol and lyophobic sol.
 - (b) (i) Describe any one method for preparing a colloidal solution.
 - (ii) What is critical micelle concentration? Mention two properties of the ionic surfactant solution which undergo abrupt change at CMC.

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